

## EAST SIDE IN ASHES

Two Million Fire in Minneapolis  
Renders 1,500 Homeless.

## CHANGE OF WIND SAVED IT

Fire Department Powerless and Man-  
ufactories Wiped Out—Room  
Island Laid Waste.

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 13.—Two millions of dollars worth of property went up in flames this afternoon. Over 200 houses are burned and at least 1,500 persons are rendered homeless. This is the record made by the destroying element in the short space of two hours. A kind providence and not the fire department or the timely change of the wind saved the greater portion of the manufacturing and residence portions of the east side. The fire had gained such headway that an alarm given could quench it, and only a change in the direction of the wind prevented an awful conflagration. It was a little after 1:30 o'clock when a watchman saw a small blaze on the river side of J. B. Clarke & Co.'s box factory on the south end of Nicollet island at the head of St. Anthony falls. An alarm quickly followed by a second and third, was turned in, but by the time the department had arrived the flames, fanned by a furious wind which had gained such headway that all the firemen could do was to turn their attention to adjoining property. Where the fire first started is a mystery, but it is thought it originated either in Lenhart's wagon works or in an ice house belonging to the Clarke box factory. The fire immediately adjoining Nicollet island, the structures in this vicinity were of wood, dry as tinder, and made splendid fuel for the flames. Clarke's box factory was doomed before even a stream of water was thrown upon it. Next to it Lenhart's wagon works and the Cedar Lake ice house were wiped out of existence. Further north was the Currier's boiler works, and here the heaviest loss on the island took place. This firm had a stock valued at over \$600,000, and not a cent of insurance. The other losses are fairly well insured.

## Room Island Laid Waste.

While this fire was at its height a spark carried high in the air alighted on Boom Island nearly half a mile above the fire on Nicollet island. This island is occupied as a wood yard by the lumber firm of Nelson, Tenney & Co. No one noticed the spark fall, but the whole island was soon ablaze. It was this spark that caused the greatest loss. Quickly jumping across the small stream of water surrounding the island from the main land the flames gained a footing in Nelson, Tenney & Co.'s lumber yard where they were piled some 10,000,000 feet of lumber. The fire fairly walked through this yard and into that of E. W. Backus & Co. adjoining. By this time it was impossible to stop it, even had the whole fire department been on hand. Great numbers of the structures on Boom island were destroyed. The fire spread to the eastward, and many buildings beyond the places where the firemen were at work. The flames were simply irresistible. Brick and stone structures fell as easy victims as the wooden ones. Behind the lumber yard were the two mills belonging to E. W. Backus & Co. Of these two the one nearest the fire was last night, and a mass of twisted machinery and charred timbers. J. B. Chatterton's cedar post mill went the way of the others, as did the saw and door factories of Fulton & Libbey and J. W. Wilcox & Co. At the corner of Marshall street and Thirteenth avenue, northeast, the mammoth brewery of the Minneapolis brewing company.

## The Wind Changed.

This seemed most surely go, but at this time the wind changed, and although the brewery was surrounded by wooden buildings, it was saved, and it is the only structure between Sixth avenue and Thirteenth avenue, northeast, and from the river back to Marshall street, a distance of three blocks, that escaped the fire. The big brewery acted as a sort of shield, and the wind, which had been blowing from the north, had turned, nothing could have prevented the fire from running north as far as it could find anything to burn. Along the river were situated the saw mills and wood and lumber yards, and these, too, with greatest haste, the way of the others and nearly the entire saw mill industry of the city would have been destroyed. The change in the direction of the wind imperiled the lumber yards and mills on the west side of the river, and they were almost at the mercy of the flying sparks and embers. Along the west bank of the river were located the mill and lumber yards which were burned, while east of them were located many stores and residences. Most of them were frame buildings occupied by the employees of the mills and lumber yards. Few owned their dwellings and their principal losses will be their personal effects. Large numbers saved their household goods, which they stacked in piles over which they stood guard to prevent their being carried away by the wind. At the brewery, where the fire was checked, the citizens did much to save the property. With garden hoses and buckets they extinguished all incipient blazes and with the change in the wind all danger was practically over and the fire was allowed to burn itself out.

## All From St. Paul.

All the available fire apparatus in the city was in use and St. Paul sent two engine companies in response to calls for assistance. As yet no loss of life is reported and it is believed that all the occupants of the houses escaped with their lives. They were all warned in time, and no need to have been told. It is estimated that two or three men were rescued in the flames while trying to secure some of their property. It is next to impossible to estimate the loss. The owners of the property themselves on many cases are unable to give any estimate. Nelson Tenney & Co. lost about \$1,000,000 worth of lumber and some wood. Backus & Co. two saw mills and probably a like amount of lumber. Their loss will probably be at least \$250,000. E. W. Wilcox & Co. lost about \$200,000. The lumber yard of E. W. Backus & Co. lost about \$200,000. The loss will be at least \$200,000. On the whole the loss is estimated at \$2,000,000. The damage to the boom island factory on Nicollet island is estimated

## LODGE MAY START IT

Debate on Repeal of Purchase  
Clause in the Senate.

## LEE MANTLE SENATORIAL CASE

Senate Will Discuss It While the  
House is Debating Silver Fourteen  
Days Under the Agreement.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—Congress has settled down to debate with a degree of expedition almost unknown in its history, and with an apparent determination to do something that promises well for the outcome. Fortunately for the majority of the senate, the action of the house on the silver question relieved them from the necessity of speedy and perhaps ill-considered action. The democratic caucus committee charged with the preparation of a plan that shall secure the adherence of the united majority will therefore commence its labors with more deliberation than would have been possible, and it is not expected now that they will perfect their work which involves consultation with many senators at each stage, much before the house has acted. The finance committee will probably wait upon the action of the caucus committee, and so the silver question is likely to figure in a formal way in the proceedings of the senate this week. It is entirely possible and even probable that speeches will be delivered upon the subject, but if so they will be based upon some such resolution as that introduced by Senator Lodge, calling for a repeal of the silver purchase section of the Sherman act, and not upon a bill regularly reported from the finance committee and ready for immediate action.

## Lee Mantle's Case.

There is a strong disposition in some quarters to fill the time during the week by the discussion of the Lee Mantle senatorial election case, which is in a privileged position and can be called up at any time to the displacement of other business. The program in the house has been definitely fixed by the addition of the order introduced Friday last by Representative Bland. The time will be devoted exclusively to the consideration of the silver question under the rules of the last house governing general debate. Notwithstanding the apparent lack of interest in the discussion manifested by members Saturday, the number of applicants for recognition already on the speaker's list demonstrates that the period allotted to the debate, eleven days under the general rules and three days under the five minutes rule, will be all occupied. There are between ninety and a hundred names enrolled by the speaker, the great majority of whom probably expect to talk the full hour allowed by the rules. There are a number, however, who have stipulated for shorter periods, generally twenty minutes or half an hour. It appears that the time for debate will be too short to accommodate all who wish to speak, night sessions will be held to lengthen the period, but this expedient it is believed will not become necessary before next week, with the expiration of which the debate will be closed.

## APPEAL TO THE PEOPLE.

Free Coinage Men Call Upon the  
People to Protect Their Rights.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—The executive committee appointed at the Chicago silver convention met today in this city and tonight issued "An appeal to the people" as follows: Congress has been convened in extra session and the unconditional repeal of the present silver law is urged. The repeal of this law will at once stop all increase in the currency, place the country on a single gold standard and at one stroke change all debts to gold debts, with the certainty that gold will thereafter continue to increase in value at an accelerated rate. The country is now in the throes of a disastrous panic caused by a "currency famine" and the destruction of credit, which has been needlessly brought about to enforce the repeal of the silver law. The committee appointed at the Chicago convention to resist the mad purpose to destroy silver as money and establish the single gold standard calls upon the people everywhere to lay aside, for the time, party differences and to assemble to their accustomed places of meeting, as our fathers did of old, and pass resolutions calling upon their representatives and senators in congress to resist the repeal of the present silver law unless coupled with provisions restoring the free coinage of both gold and silver as it existed under the law prior to the passage of the fraudulent act of 1873.

## ROBBED BY TRAMPS.

Steamboat Captain Beaten Insubstantial  
and Stripped of Clothing.

ELKHART, Ind., Aug. 13.—Capt. J. K. Meador, a Toledo, Ohio, steamboat captain, returning from the state's fair, was assaulted here by two tramps last night and beaten into insensibility with a coupling pin. The robbers took his coat, hat, waistcoat and shoes and a considerable sum of money. During the struggle they endeavored to throw him under the wheels of a passing train, but fortunately the train stopped before they succeeded in doing so. He was found by railroad men, who notified the police. The latter removed the injured man to a hotel. Today he was taken to Toledo.

## To Bulletin Granted Pensions.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—The commission of pensions has decided to accede to the request of newspaper correspondents to publish in the daily bulletin the postoffice addresses of those to whom pension certificates are issued. Secretary McKim Smith has under consideration the advisability of the publication of the names of applicants for pensions.

## Did Not Go Fishing.

BRIDGEMAN'S BAY, Mass., Aug. 13.—The president spent Sunday at home with his family and Dr. Bryant. The cold north wind which prevailed kept the president indoors all day.

## Tenney Bought Silver.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—The treasury department was yesterday offered \$2,000,000 of silver at prices ranging from \$67.50 to \$68.50 per ounce. A small lot was bought at \$68.50 per ounce, the balance declined, and a counter offer of \$67.50 made. This morning a bill for

## HE WILL FIGHT IT

Warden Purcell Does Not Pro-  
pose to Give Up His Job.

## HE HAS ENGAGED COUNSEL

He Will Try and Hold the Office  
Until His Term Ex-  
pires.

IONIA, Mich., Aug. 13.—Warden Purcell does not propose to throw up his job as warden of the state house of correction without a contest, although he denied this statement three weeks ago, and the rumors that have been floating around for several days that he intended taking legal advice upon the matter has been confirmed. George E. Nichols, a promising young attorney of Ionia, has been engaged as his attorney. Warden Purcell has been questioned as to whether he would step out and turn over the institution to Mr. Fuller, and he replied that he "didn't care" to resign where he wasn't wanted. It was learned the warden was going to stay in if there was such a thing possible and that he had been lately in consultation with prominent attorneys. There was no doubt that some action would soon be taken. When Mr. Nichols was interviewed he opened with a bold statement, saying he had spent several days in looking up authorities and examining the law and that he thought he had a good sound case. When asked for some sort of an opinion in the matter he there were several and concluded: "It is true that Warden Purcell came to me a few days ago and asked me to look up this matter for him in his term of office expired, and since then I have given the matter considerable consideration and investigation, the result of which has led me to believe that from a purely legal standpoint Mr. Purcell, if he chooses, can retain the office of warden until the expiration of his term, which is October, 1895, I believe. I have so advised the warden and I presume it is safe to say that he will attempt to execute the duties of the office until that time. What action Mr. Fuller will take is not known. He is not likely to try to obtain forcible possession, but will probably apply for quo warranto or mandamus through the superior court on the merits of the case can be gone into." Attorney General Ellis was asked if he had anything to do with it. He flatly denied any connection with the proceedings and said he had received no notice of the matter and therefore could give no opinion.

## Notes About the Capital.

One of the matters yet undecided by the president is the removal of the Soldiers' home, which was vacated by the recent death of General Kelton. A large number of prominent officers are after this most desirable billet. It is believed that Gen. Orlando B. Wilcox may be restored to his old position.

## Republicans Win.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 13.—The supreme court rendered its decision in the legislative controversy, sustaining the position of the republicans. The court supports the action of the republicans throughout, declares that Governor Brown has the right to remove the members of the senate and the body which has been meeting at Newport as a rump house.

## Engineer Hamilton Badly Scalded and Master Mechanic Injured.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 13.—The official test of the fire tug Detroit took place yesterday. It ended with the blowing off of the cylinder head of one of the pumps. It occurred in this way. What was intended to be a routine test of the engine, which was a new one, was interrupted by a serious accident. A piston rod, which was six inches thick, had snapped right in the center. This completely removed all support from the cylinder and the pressure burst off the head and sent the mass of iron flying through the roof of the cabin.

## Whitcomb Boy Drowned.

WHITEHALL, Mich., Aug. 13.—The 8-year-old son of Charles Hamstrom was drowned at 6 o'clock last evening, while playing near the wharf. He is supposed to have struck a log in falling, rendering him insensible.

## RIDDLED WITH BULLETS.

MOB TOOK KIRK JAMES FROM JAIL AND  
USE HIM FOR A TARGET.

MOBILE, Ala., Aug. 13.—A special to The Register from Jackson, Ala., says: The trouble at Meacham is at an end. The posse has disbanded and quiet reigns supreme. Bate Burke, Jim Jordan and Mac Burke, three of the worst men in the gang and acknowledged leaders, escaped by taking refuge in Safford swamp. Kirk James was killed Friday night. He was captured in his field and put in charge of a guard of eight men to be lodged in jail. A mob of 100 men took him from the guard, tied his hands behind him, placed him in front of an oak tree and riddled his body with bullets. He was the third man killed. A plot to whip to death several negroes who voted for Jones in the Jones-Koib gubernatorial contest was unexecuted. Citizens of Meacham have abandoned their property and left. It is supposed that Neal Sims, brother of the notorious "Boss" Sims, has joined forces with the Meachams, and if this be so, further bloodshed will follow. The present trouble will cast a blight on Coffeyville and will come near depopulating the town.

## PAID WITH TIME ORDERS.

KALAMAZOO SUNDRIES SPECIE PAYMENT.  
Kalamazoo, Mich., Aug. 13.—The city of Kalamazoo has suspended specie payment, or even currency, and now pays all debts with time orders, payable on or before February 20, 1894. The city owes not to exceed \$40,000, besides what it has expended the fiscal year which began April 1. The charter was arranged to give the bankers a lift by loaning from \$50,000 to \$80,000 to the city each year for about six months, but the present council has been so recklessly extravagant in increasing salaries and spending money without any return that even the banks in three times will not advance the money. This month the amounts thus far credited foot up \$18,000, and the city finance committee has been able to borrow only \$7,000, and has issued time orders for the balance.

## GRAND RAPIDS TO ATTEND.

GERMAN CATHOLIC ASSOCIATION TO MEET  
IN DETROIT.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 13.—The state convention of the German Catholic Family Protective association will be held in St. Joseph's hall, in this city, next month. Delegates will attend from the local branches, Monroe, Grand Rapids, Adrian, Westland and other places. J. H. Mueller, editor of the Stimme der Wahrheit, will make an address at the opening on the aims and objects of the association. On the second day a requiem mass will be celebrated in St. Joseph's church for the repose of the deceased members. The association has branches in every German Catholic parish in this city and has contributed much during its existence for the aid of the families and heirs of deceased members.

## DIED FROM HIS INJURIES.

MRS. BULLARD'S CLOTHING TONK FIRE  
While Lighting Her Pipe.

LANSING, Mich., Aug. 13.—Mrs. Gus Bullard died today from burns received last night by her clothing taking fire. It is supposed the clothing was set on fire by the woman while endeavoring to light her pipe. Mrs. Bullard had been sick for some time and was being cared for by a neighbor. The attendant left her alone for a few moments, and on her return found the unfortunate woman a mass of flames. Before the fire could be extinguished she was literally cooked.

## MILLS NOT TO CLOSE.

MONSIEUR LAMBERTSON WILL PAY IN  
TIME CHECKS.

MONROVIE, Mich., Aug. 13.—At a meeting of the town board of the Monrovia river yesterday afternoon relation

## IT IS MILD ASIATIC

Fourteen Cases of Cholera in  
New York Harbor.

## PASSENGERS IN QUARANTINE

Steamer Hilda Arrived From Genoa  
and Vessel Disinfected—Suspects  
Sent to the Island.

QUARANTINE, S. I., Aug. 13.—Two suspects were isolated at Hoffman island early this morning, but owing to the rough weather in the lower bay they were not removed to Saintburne island hospital. If the wind moderates they will be transferred during the night. They are Maria Rena, aged 4 years, and Pasquale de Hendon, aged 35 years. The bacteriological examination shows that Giuseppe Adame, who was removed yesterday, is suffering from cholera, and that Conque is not developed the disease. The contents of the hospital tonight shows: Cholera patients, 14; patients not having cholera, 3; convalescent, 1; suspects on Hoffman island, two, total twenty. All of the patients are improving. The disease is mild in character. Two more nurses were sent to Saintburne island today. The steamer Hilda arrived today from Genoa. All were well on board. All of the storage passengers were detained five days at that port and their baggage was disinfected before embarkation. The cabin passengers were examined and provided with passports on which were written statements of their route of travel for ten days before arriving, so that detection on the railroads may be avoided. The vessel was disinfected and allowed to proceed after the examination of the storage passengers.

## Quarantine Ordered.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Aug. 13.—Charleston board of health today ordered quarantine against Brunswick, Georgia. The step is purely precautionary, and little uneasiness is felt either by authorities or the people of the city.

## SUNDAY OPENING A FAILURE.

Clingman Closing Injunction to Be  
Dissolved Tomorrow.

CHICAGO, Aug. 13.—The exposition was opened today, but the attendance was light. Visitors were allowed to enter all the buildings except government, but most of the exhibits were closed. The management of the fair offered no attraction of any kind, nor were there any services in festival hall to induce the people to come out to the park and as a result nearly all the night were spent in the city. The fair is a failure. The hope is strong among exposition officials and employees that this will be the last open Sunday, and that by next Tuesday the Clingman injunction forbidding the closing of the gates on the first day of the week will have been dissolved. Midway Plaisance concessions, however, who are benefited by having visitors at the fair on Sunday, are on Clingman's side.

## DRUMMERS IN SESSION.

WILL ASK CONGRESS TO AMEND INTER-  
STATE COMMERCE LAW.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 13.—A meeting of the national directors of the Travelers' Protective association was held yesterday. Applications were reported from 280 new members. The principal action taken was that referring to the travelers' demand for a 5,000 mile ticket, good on all roads. The chairman of the legislative committee, John A. Foster, leader of the movement, was elected president. John A. Foster was elected president. The association is now in the process of introducing a bill at the present special session of congress to amend the interstate commerce law in such way as to permit the railroads to issue such tickets with the privilege of carrying 300 pounds excess baggage.

## Harrison Denies It.

BOSTON, Aug. 13.—Ex-President Harrison, who is visiting his daughter, Mrs. McKim, is denying the rumor that he will visit the Exposition at the Denner prior home recently was a cousin of his as claimed. The ex-president says: "It is a bit of nonsense. I have no cousins or near relatives in Denver. My only cousin by the name of William married a daughter of General Pike and lived on the Pike family homestead in Kentucky. He is in comfortable circumstances. The story is so false as the one printed a few weeks ago that a man by the name of Harrison, or Cass, who lost his life on a Norfolk steamer, was a near relative of mine. He was none of my kin whatsoever."

## Chief of Scouts Dead.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—E. H. Kiria, late captain U. S. A., is dead at the age of 54. Captain Kiria was chief of scouts and ponies on General Hooker's staff in the Cumberland campaign and afterward filled the same positions on the staffs of Generals Sigel, Carl Schurz and Howard during the campaigns in Virginia and Tennessee, when General Howard led the right wing and Kiria supervised the erection of the first movable dam built in this country after the model of those built on the Seine below Paris.

## Typhoid Fever Epidemic.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 13.—Hospital physicians and health officials now admit that typhoid fever has assumed almost epidemic form in St. Louis. The hospitals are crowded with patients and physicians in private report new cases daily and the published list of typhoid patients shows many deaths from typhoid.

## HE WILL FIGHT IT

Warden Purcell Does Not Pro-  
pose to Give Up His Job.

## HE HAS ENGAGED COUNSEL

He Will Try and Hold the Office  
Until His Term Ex-  
pires.

IONIA, Mich., Aug. 13.—Warden Purcell does not propose to throw up his job as warden of the state house of correction without a contest, although he denied this statement three weeks ago, and the rumors that have been floating around for several days that he intended taking legal advice upon the matter has been confirmed. George E. Nichols, a promising young attorney of Ionia, has been engaged as his attorney. Warden Purcell has been questioned as to whether he would step out and turn over the institution to Mr. Fuller, and he replied that he "didn't care" to resign where he wasn't wanted. It was learned the warden was going to stay in if there was such a thing possible and that he had been lately in consultation with prominent attorneys. There was no doubt that some action would soon be taken. When Mr. Nichols was interviewed he opened with a bold statement, saying he had spent several days in looking up authorities and examining the law and that he thought he had a good sound case. When asked for some sort of an opinion in the matter he there were several and concluded: "It is true that Warden Purcell came to me a few days ago and asked me to look up this matter for him in his term of office expired, and since then I have given the matter considerable consideration and investigation, the result of which has led me to believe that from a purely legal standpoint Mr. Purcell, if he chooses, can retain the office of warden until the expiration of his term, which is October, 1895, I believe. I have so advised the warden and I presume it is safe to say that he will attempt to execute the duties of the office until that time. What action Mr. Fuller will take is not known. He is not likely to try to obtain forcible possession, but will probably apply for quo warranto or mandamus through the superior court on the merits of the case can be gone into." Attorney General Ellis was asked if he had anything to do with it. He flatly denied any connection with the proceedings and said he had received no notice of the matter and therefore could give no opinion.

## Notes About the Capital.

One of the matters yet undecided by the president is the removal of the Soldiers' home, which was vacated by the recent death of General Kelton. A large number of prominent officers are after this most desirable billet. It is believed that Gen. Orlando B. Wilcox may be restored to his old position.

## Republicans Win.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 13.—The supreme court rendered its decision in the legislative controversy, sustaining the position of the republicans. The court supports the action of the republicans throughout, declares that Governor Brown has the right to remove the members of the senate and the body which has been meeting at Newport as a rump house.

## Engineer Hamilton Badly Scalded and Master Mechanic Injured.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 13.—The official test of the fire tug Detroit took place yesterday. It ended with the blowing off of the cylinder head of one of the pumps. It occurred in this way. What was intended to be a routine test of the engine, which was a new one, was interrupted by a serious accident. A piston rod, which was six inches thick, had snapped right in the center. This completely removed all support from the cylinder and the pressure burst off the head and sent the mass of iron flying through the roof of the cabin.

## Whitcomb Boy Drowned.

WHITEHALL, Mich., Aug. 13.—The 8-year-old son of Charles Hamstrom was drowned at 6 o'clock last evening, while playing near the wharf. He is supposed to have struck a log in falling, rendering him insensible.

## RIDDLED WITH BULLETS.

MOB TOOK KIRK JAMES FROM JAIL AND  
USE HIM FOR A TARGET.

MOBILE, Ala., Aug. 13.—A special to The Register from Jackson, Ala., says: The trouble at Meacham is at an end. The posse has disbanded and quiet reigns supreme. Bate Burke, Jim Jordan and Mac Burke, three of the worst men in the gang and acknowledged leaders, escaped by taking refuge in Safford swamp. Kirk James was killed Friday night. He was captured in his field and put in charge of a guard of eight men to be lodged in jail. A mob of 100 men took him from the guard, tied his hands behind him, placed him in front of an oak tree and riddled his body with bullets. He was the third man killed. A plot to whip to death several negroes who voted for Jones in the Jones-Koib gubernatorial contest was unexecuted. Citizens of Meacham have abandoned their property and left. It is supposed that Neal Sims, brother of the notorious "Boss" Sims, has joined forces with the Meachams, and if this be so, further bloodshed will follow. The present trouble will cast a blight on Coffeyville and will come near depopulating the town.

## PAID WITH TIME ORDERS.

KALAMAZOO SUNDRIES SPECIE PAYMENT.  
Kalamazoo, Mich., Aug. 13.—The city of Kalamazoo has suspended specie payment, or even currency, and now pays all debts with time orders, payable on or before February 20, 1894. The city owes not to exceed \$40,000, besides what it has expended the fiscal year which began April 1. The charter was arranged to give the bankers a lift by loaning from \$50,000 to \$80,000 to the city each year for about six months, but the present council has been so recklessly extravagant in increasing salaries and spending money without any return that even the banks in three times will not advance the money. This month the amounts thus far credited foot up \$18,000, and the city finance committee has been able to borrow only \$7,000, and has issued time orders for the balance.

## GRAND RAPIDS TO ATTEND.

GERMAN CATHOLIC ASSOCIATION TO MEET  
IN DETROIT.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 13.—The state convention of the German Catholic Family Protective association will be held in St. Joseph's hall, in this city, next month. Delegates will attend from the local branches, Monroe, Grand Rapids, Adrian, Westland and other places. J. H. Mueller, editor of the Stimme der Wahrheit, will make an address at the opening on the aims and objects of the association. On the second day a requiem mass will be celebrated in St. Joseph's church for the repose of the deceased members. The association has branches in every German Catholic parish in this city and has contributed much during its existence for the aid of the families and heirs of deceased members.

## DIED FROM HIS INJURIES.

MRS. BULLARD'S CLOTHING TONK FIRE  
While Lighting Her Pipe.

LANSING, Mich., Aug. 13.—Mrs. Gus Bullard died today from burns received last night by her clothing taking fire. It is supposed the clothing was set on fire by the woman while endeavoring to light her pipe. Mrs. Bullard had been sick for some time and was being cared for by a neighbor. The attendant left her alone for a few moments, and on her return found the unfortunate woman a mass of flames. Before the fire could be extinguished she was literally cooked.

## MILLS NOT TO CLOSE.

MONSIEUR LAMBERTSON WILL PAY IN  
TIME CHECKS.

MONROVIE, Mich., Aug. 13.—At a meeting of the town board of the Monrovia river yesterday afternoon relation